

Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

Secondary Nickel-Metal Hydride Sealed Cells

Date: 2016-1-17 Prepared by: Pang Liuping

The information contained within is provided as a service to our customers and for their information only. The information and recommendations set forth herein are made in good faith and are believed to be accurate at the date compiled SUPPO makes no warranty expressed or implied.

1. IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product

Sealed rechargeable Cells

Trade name and model; All types in steel container.

IEC designation: HR.... According IEC 285

Electrochemical system: Nickel/Metal hydride, alkaline electrolyte

Electrodes:

Positive: Nickel hydroxide Negative: metal hydride

Electrolyte: Potassium hydroxide water solution.

Nominal voltage: 1.2 Volts

1.2 Supplier

Name: SUPPO

Address: No, 269, Anqian Road, High-tech (east) District, Anshan, Liaoning, 114051, China

Tel/Fax: +86-412-2516882/86--412-2516886

Emergency contact: SUPPO local dealer.

2. COMPOSITION(Weigh percentage of basic materials)

Medium single cell with steel container

Metals		%	Plastics	%	Others		%
Iron	Fe	23-27	Polypropylene PP	2.5-3.5	Potassium	K	1.8-2.5
Nickel	Ni	17-23	Rubber EPDI	M <0.05	Water	H2O	4-7
Metal Hy	dride MH	25-35	Polyethylene PE	0.2-0.4	OH-		9-11
Cobalt	Со	0.4-1.0	PVC	0.5-0.7			



3. Hazards

A sealed Nickel-Metal Hydride cell is not hazardous on principle.

3.1 Physical

No risk if cells are used for its intended purpose and according to valid directions for use.

3.2 Chemical

In normal use, no chemical risk.

On some bad using conditions (high over charge, external short circuit...) and in case of a bad functioning, some electrolyte can be removed from the cell by the security vent.

In these cases the risk is the caustic nature of electrolyte.

The toxic properties of the electrode materials are hazardous only if the materials are released by damaging the cell or if exposed to fire.

Classification of dangerous substances contained into the cells.

SUBSTANCKES			CLASSIFICATION			
Name	EEC Number CAS	Symbol	Letter	Identification	Special	Safety
	Number			of danger	risk(1)	advice(2)
Nickel	028-008-x*	Ni(OH)2	Xn	Harmful	R	S 22/36
Hydroxide	12054-48-7				20/22-43-	
					40	
Cobalt	21041-93-0	Co(OH)2	Xn	Harmful	R22-42/43	S22-24-37
Hydroxide						
Potassium	019-002-00-81310-	кон	С	Corrosive	R 35	S 26-37/39-45
Hydroxide	58-3					

(1) Nature of special risk

R 20/21/22: Harmful by inhalation, skin contact or if swallowed.

R 20/22: Harmful by inhalation or if swallowed.

R 35: Causes serious burns.

R 40: Possible risk of irreversible effects.

R 43: Many cause sensitizing by skin contact.

R 42/43: Many cause sensitizing by inhalation and skin contact.

(2) Safety advice

S 22: Do not breathe dust.

S 24: Avoid contact with skin.

S 26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical



advice.

S 36: Wear suitable protection clothing.

S 37: Wear suitable gloves.

S37/39: Wear suitable gloves and eyes/face protection.

S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In case of electrolyte leakage precautions must be taken to avoid personal to get in direct contact with it. If it accidentally happens following must be done:

4.1 Inhalation

Fresh air. Rinse mouth and nose with water. Medical treatment.

4.2 Skin contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Medical treatment.

4.3 Eyes contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water during at least 15-30 min. Immediately hospital treatment. Eye specialist.

4.4 Ingestion

If the injured is fully conscious: plenty of drink, preferably milk. Do not induce vomiting. Immediate Hospital treatment.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable: Class D-Dry chemical, sand.

Not to be used: Water.

5.2 Special exposure hazards

Cells can be overheated by an external source or by internal shorting and develop potassium hydroxide mist and/or hydrogen gas. In fire situations fumes containing. Nickel, cobalt and iron may evolved.

5.3 Special protective equipment

Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting protective clothing.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES



6.1 Spill or leak:

Battery cell is sealed against electrolyte loss. Under normal handling, spillage of alkali electrolyte will not occur. However, battery may emit electrolyte or hydrogen as if charging or discharging rates exceed manufacturer's recommendations or if battery has been breached.

6.2 Personal precaution

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.3 Methods for Containment: Move battery to well ventilated area to prevent hydrogen gas accumulation. If electrolyte leaks or spills, neutralize with a weak acid such as vinegar or citric before proper disposal. Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

7. HANLING AND STORAGE

No hazards during handling, no electrolyte can pour out of the sealed NI-MH cells. Storage following SUPPO specifications: +5 to +25 $^{\circ}$ C in a 65 +- 5% relative humidity.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Exposure Guideline

Common chemical	ACGIH(2005)			
name/General name				
	TLVTWA	BEI		
Nickel, Nickel Components	(As Ni)	-		
	Metal: 1.5mg/m ³			
Cobalt Compounds	(As Co) 0.02mg/ m ³	In blood: I micro g/l		
Potassium Hydroxide	-	-		
Sodium Hydroxide	-	-		
Lithium Hydroxide	-	-		

8.2 Engineering Controls:

Avoid charging batteries in areas where hydrogen gas can accumulate. Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations of hydrogen below the lower Explosive Limit (L.E.L). Consult a qualified ventilation professional regarding the proper methods to collect and transport flammable gases in ventilation systems. Insure proper ventilation is present during battery disassembly to control occupation exposure to battery component particulate and electrolyte mist and vapor.

8.3 Eye/Face Protection

Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields during normal use. Wear OSHA approved face shield with safety glasses during intentional disassembly.

- 8.4 Skin Protection: Wear nitrile butyl rubber, neoprene, or PVC gloves and protective clothing during battery component disassembly. Discard contaminated work clothing after one work day.
- 8.5 Respiratory protection:

None required during normal use. Use appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if airborne



dust or mist concentrations exceed the PEL or TLV during intentional disassembly.

8.6 General Hygiene Considerations

Practice good housekeeping and personal hygiene procedures. Do not smoke in the area where batteries are being charged, stored or tested. Wear proper personal protective equipment during battery charging and disassembly operations.

8.7 Other Equipment:

Safely showers and eyewash stations should be present in work area.

9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Appearance

Physical shape and colour as supplied.

9.2 Temperature range

Continuous: +5 to +25 $^{\circ}$ C . Occasional: -40 to +50 $^{\circ}$ C.

9.3 Specific energy

65 to 75 Wh/Kg

Note: Wh=Nominal voltage x rated Ah as defined in IEC standard.

Kg: Average battery weight in Kg.

9.4 Specific instant power

About: 1500 W/Kg

Note: w= 0.5 x nominal voltage x lp

With Ip= current in Amperes delivered by a fully charged battery for half the nominal Voltage at one second.

Rg= Average battery weight in Kg.

9.5 Mechanical resistance

As defined in relevant IEC standard.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Conditions

Temperature over 85 ℃. Internal shortage. Melting of gasket and rubber of vent.



10.2 Hazardous decomposition products

Nickel compounds, Cobalt compounds, Caustic liquid.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Nickel hydroxide LD50/oral/rat: 1600 mg/Kg Potassium hydroxide Ld50/oral/rat: 365 mg/Kg

Cobalt hydroxide LD50. Not available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ni-MH cells contain no cadmium, no mercury, no lead and no toxic metals.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Incineration.

Never incinerate NI-MH batteries.

13.2 Landfill

Never dispose NI-MH batteries as landfill.

13.3 Recycling

NI-MH batteries can be recycled.

13.4 Additional information

Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

Nickel Metal Hydride batteries- which in some countries may not be subject to collection & recycling and/or disposal requirements- do however contain recyclable materials and SUPPO recommends proper recycling of these batteries whenever possible.

You may refer to the following web page for further information and guidance:

www.collectnicad.org(1)

You can also contact SUPPO.

(1) This page provides links to different National Battery Associations and National Collection & recycling Organizations that can provide you with the latest update on collection & recycling in their respective CO

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Sealed Ni-MH batteries don't require specific transport obligations. SP963 Nickel-metal hydride button cells or nickel-metal hydride cells or batteries packed with or contained in equipment are not subject to the provisions total quantity gross mass less than 100 kgs (battery gross tons per container) only.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 SARA 313 information



As an article, this battery and its contents are not subject to the requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency & community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

16. Other information

The data in this Product Safety Data Sheet relate to only specific designated herein and do not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process. The information set forth herein is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. Any use of this data or information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with federal, state, local laws and regulation.

Union Suppo Battery (Liaoning) Co., Ltd.

